### § 113.27-1

is installed below the deck, it must be as near the deck as practicable.

[CGD 74-125A, 47 FR 15272, Apr. 8, 1982, as amended by CGD 94-108, 61 FR 28289, June 4, 1996]

# Subpart 113.27—Engineers' Assistance-Needed Alarm

#### § 113.27-1 Engineers' assistance-needed alarm.

Each self-propelled ocean, Great Lakes, or coastwise vessel must have a manually-operated engineers' assistance-needed alarm that is:

- (a) Operated from:
- (1) The engine control room, if the vessel has an engine control room; or
- (2) The maneuvering platform, if the vessel has no engine control room;
- (b) Audible in the engineers' accommodation spaces; and
- (c) Powered from the general alarm power source.

## Subpart 113.30—Internal Communications

### §113.30-1 Applicability.

This subpart applies to each self-propelled vessel

### §113.30-3 Means of communications.

- (a) An emergency means of communication required by this subpart must—
- (1) Be comprised of either fixed or portable equipment; and
- (2) Provide common talking means of two-way voice communication and calling among the navigating bridge, emergency control stations, muster stations, embarkation stations, and other strategic positions listed in §113.30–5.
- (b) The means of communication and calling must be a reliable means of voice communication and must be independent of the vessel's electrical system.

[CGD 94–108, 61 FR 28289, June 4, 1996, as amended by USCG–2003–16630, 73 FR 65201, Oct. 31, 2008]

### §113.30-5 Requirements.

(a) Communication. Each vessel must have a means of communication among the following:

- (1) Navigating bridge.
- (2) Steering gear room, if outside the engineroom.
- (3) Alternative steering station if outside of the steering gear room.
- (4) Engine control room, if the vessel has an engine control room.
- (5) Maneuvering platform, if the vessel has no engine control room.
- (6) Control room, if the vessel is a mobile offshore drilling unit.
- (7) The engineering officers' accommodations, if the vessel is an automated, self-propelled vessel under §62.50-20(f) of this chapter.
- (b) *Gyrocompass*. Each vessel that has a master gyrocompass that is not in or next to the navigating bridge must have a means of communication between the master gyrocompass and the navigating bridge repeater compass.
- (c) Radar. Each vessel that has a radar plan position indicator that is not in or next to the navigating bridge must have a means of communication between the navigating bridge and the radar plan position indicator.
- (d) Emergency lockers. If the emergency equipment lockers or spaces used by the emergency squad are not next to the navigating bridge or, on a mobile offshore drilling unit, next to the control room, there must be a means of communication between the navigating bridge or control room and the emergency equipment lockers or spaces.
- (e) Radio and radio direction finder. Communication to the radio and radio direction finder must meet the following requirements:
- (1) Each vessel that has a radio installation must have a means of communication between the radio room, the navigating bridge, or, if the vessel is a mobile offshore drilling unit, the control room, and any other place from which the vessel may be navigated under normal conditions, other than a place that is only for emergency functions, a place that is only for docking or maneuvering, or a place that is for navigating the vessel in close quarters. A location that has the apparatus that is necessary to steer the vessel, give engine orders, and control the whistle, is a place from which the vessel may be navigated.